6-9: Interior and Exterior Angles of Triangles

- 1. Sample answer: An exterior angle is equal to the sum of its remote interior angles.
- 135° or 90°; Sample answer: Each exterior angle is supplementary to its adjacent interior angle. The interior angles are 45°, 45°, and 90° so the exterior angles are 135°, 135°, and 90°.
- See work: Triangle should show angles of 32°, 87°, and 61° and an exterior angle adjacent to the 87° angle with a measure of 93°.
- m∠1 = 63.3°, m∠2 = 37.3°; Sample answer: I know that m∠2 is 37.3° because the measure of its congruent alternate interior angle is 37.3°. To find m∠1, I can find the sum of 79.4° and 37.3° and subtract that sum from 180°.
- m∠3 = 63.3°, m∠4 = 142.7°; Sample answer: m∠2 + m∠4 = 180°, so m∠4 = 142.7°; m∠3 + 79.4° + 37.3° = 180°; so m∠3 = 63.3°
- 6. $m \angle A = 18^{\circ}, m \angle B = 36^{\circ}, m \angle C = 126^{\circ}$
- exterior remote interior angles
 59; 56
 115
- 8. m∠1 = 120°; m∠2 = 35°
- 9. 83.5°
- 10. 129°; Sample answer: My friend found m∠3, not m∠4.

11. 116°

- 12. Sample answer: 180° - (25x + 19)°; 111°
- 13. 52.8°
- 14. A
- 15. 150